|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| To infinitive | V – ing |
| To agree to do s.t :  I agree to help you / him / Mrs Ai  I agree to help her.  To arrange, attempt,  claim,(doi hoi), decide, demand, expect, fail, hesitate, hope, intend,  Ex: I intend to lend her some money.  learn, plan, seem, offer, refuse, prepare, promise, strive, want, need, tend, manage, pretend, wish, afford, determine, choose, (xung dang) deserve, long, (nong long) neglect,(sao nhang) omit, swear,…….. | To admit V- ing  I admit taking her book/ dictionary.  I avoid meeting him.  To avoid, appreciate, consider, delay, continue, deny, enjoy = fancy = love , escape, mention, mind, postpone, prefer, miss, practice, quit, recent, resist, risk, suggest, can’t help, can’t stand, detest, endure,(cam chịu) excuse, give up, imagine, involve, keep, recall, put off, …………….  Ex: Would you mind *opening* the door?  Michael was considering *buying* a new car the prices went up. |

To advise s.b to do s.t

I advise him not to go to class late.

I advise her to buy that car.

To allow, beg, convince, expect, instruct, teach, tell, invite, order, permit, persuade, remind, urge, want, imagine, encourage, prepare, force, leave, forbid, trust, warn, mean, wish, consider, …………

Ex: I urge you to reconsider your decision.

* To begin + V- ing / V- infinitive
* To start + V- ing / V-infinitive
* **NOTE**: Some verbs the following are “ Infinitive or gerund” form with a change in meaning:

To remember to do s.t = remember to do s.t

I remember to take my CD....

Remember to send/ give her flowers on her birthday

To remember V- ing = recall a past event

I remember meeting her somewhere.

I remember to meet her tomorrow.

I forgot to meet her

You remember to bring pencil with you tomorrow.

Ex: Please remember *to return* the book tomorrow.

I remember *putting* my hat somewhere in this room.

To forget to do s.t = not remember

To forget V- ing = forget a past event

Ex: I’m afraid he will forget *to write* to me

I’ll never forget *seeing* him the first time

To stop to do s.t = pause temporarily

To stop V- ing = finish or end

Ex: He stopped *to eat.*

*He stopped eating fat food*

My father stopped *smoking*.

To regret to do s.t = be sorry to (to inform that/ to tell that)

I regret to tell you that you failed the interview.

To regret V- ing = have second thoughts about s.t one has already done.

Ex: We regret *to inform/to tell* the passengers that the flight for Washington DC we cancelled with bad weather.

They regret *leaving* school early. It’s the biggest mistake in their life.

I regret lending you my money.

To try to do s.t = do one’s best, attempt

I try to learn E well.

To try + V – ing = do s.t as an experiment

I try cooking Japanese food.

**I/ Choose the best answer:**

1. They didn’t allow me……………it.

A. do B. to do

2. They didn’t let me……………..it.

A. do B. to do

3. He ought…………..a doctor about that.

A. see B. to see

Ought to do st.

4. I was unable…………...it.

To be able to do s.t = to be possible to do s.t = to be capable of V-ing >< to be unable to do s.t = to be impossible to do s.t = to be incapable of V-ing

A. do B. to do

5. He made us………………it.

A. to do B. do

6. I couldn’t ………… them.

A. see B. to see

7. He’s gone travelling…………find himself.

A. so B. to do C. to

8. Take some sandwiches …………eat on the way.

A. do B. to do C. to

9. You don’t need ……………it.

A. do B. to do

Ex: I need to study hard.( normal verb)

You needn’t study hard. (model verb)

You don’t need to study hard. (normal verb)

This room needs cleaning. (passive)

10. We were forced………..it.

A. do B. to do

11. She’s going to there ………......finalize the contract.

A. for B. to C. so that

12. I took it back to the shop………….get a replacement.

A. for B. so C. to

13. I hear them …………...it.

A. do B. to do

14. You needn’t ………….it

A. do B. to do

15. I’m leaving a bit early today…………..avoid the rush hour queues.

A. to B. doing C. do

16. I remember…………..Simon at the Max Planck Institute.

A. meet B. to meet C. meeting D. to meeting

17. I’m not used to………………..up this early.

A. go B. to get C. getting D. to getting

18. I want to stop………..some pirate CDs, but we didn’t have enough time.

A. to B. to buy C. buying D. to buying

19. Look, it’s starting……………………

A. rain B. to rain C. raining D. to raining

20. She told him …………the door.

A. lock B. to lock D. locking D. locked

I/ **Fill the gaps with the verbs in the brackets in the infinitive or the -ing form.**

1. Remember…… ……… (Go) to the bank. You’ve got to pay the bills.
2. When he had written his first book he went on……… …….. (write) seven more.
3. On the way home he stopped…… ……………(buy) some chocolate.
4. Why don’t you try … ……………….(put) some petrol in the tank ?
5. Doing well on this course means…… ………….(study) very hard.
6. I regret …… ………..(tell) you that you have failed the test.
7. She forgot……… …………..(invite) her best friend to the party.
8. The baby did not stop…… …………( cry) all night.
9. She went on…… ……………(talk) even after her friend had fallen asleep.
10. I regret… ………….( leave) school at the age of 16.
11. These windows are dirty. They need……… …………..(wash).
12. I want …… ………..(speak) to Sally, please.
13. She’s really sorry for……… ………… (shout) at you last night.
14. I’ve been trying…… ………. (start) this car for hours.
15. I’ll never forget ……… ………. (see) snow for the first time.
16. He means …… ………..(build) a boat and travel round the world.
17. I don’t remember…… ………..(see) this film before.
18. I’m sorry ………………….(tell) you your car has been stolen.

**II/ Put the verbs into the correct form:**

1.I was very tired. I tried………………..my eyes open but I couldn’t. (keep).

2. My father allowed me …………………his camera.(use)

3. I want ……………..the truth. (know)

4. When I’m tired, I enjoy……………….television. It’s relaxing. (watch)

5. It was a nice day, so we decided ……………….for a picnic. (go)

6. I’m not in a hurry. I don’t mind……………….(wait)

7. We were hungry, so I suggested ………………dinner early. (have)

8. It’s obvious he’s only interested in (make) …………………money.(making)

9. Ann couldn’t find a taxi so I offered (drive) ……………….her to the station.(to drive)

10. I managed (book) ………………….two seats on the morning flight. (to book)

11. I promise (send) ……………………..you our new brochure as soon as it’s available.(to send)

12. Peter was delighted (meet)……………………a former colleague at the conference.(to meet)

13. I avoid (take) …………………..the car whenever possible, especially in big cities. ( taking)

14. My father hates (wear)………………….a tie to work.(wearing)

15. We can’t afford (take) …………………..a vacation this summer. (to take)

16. The company was pleased (receive) ………………your thank-you letter.(to receive)

17. Would you mind (open)………………..a window?(opening)

Part 3 (p.33)

2.....to get ...

3....about going ...

4.....up ....

Take up = start

5......to learn to

6.......on long

Adj + enough

Recommend to do st / ving

I am learning to speak E well.

2....listening

3.....to do

4....going

5....to bring

Would like to do st = to want to do st

6......to do

1...noisiest

2....biggest

3.... most beautiful

4 ....best

5....worst

6....farthest/ furthest ....

7....- *r* or – *st*

8....double the final consonant

9......more or most

Part 4

2...quieter

3....worst

4....nearest

5.....much better ...

6....hottest ...

This lesson is a lot more difficult than that one yesterday.

This lesson is a little easier than that one y.

2. M.E is a bit/ a little higher than k2

3.Arica is much / far / a lot drier than Death Valley.

4.Atlanta .....is much / far / a lot busier than Healthow .....

5.the sperm whale’s brain is much/ far / a lot heavier than human adult’s

Adj ending: et, y, le, ow, er

Quiet – quieter – quietest

Happy – happier – happiest

Simple – simpler – simplest

Narrow – narrower – narrowest

Shallow – shallower – shallowest

Clever – cleverer – cleverest